INTRODUCTION: Source and Availability of the Balance in the Account of the U.S. Treasury

The Treasury's operating cash is maintained in accounts with the Federal Reserve banks (FRBs) and branches, as well as in tax and loan accounts in other financial institutions. Major information sources include the Daily Balance Wire received from the FRBs and branches, and electronic transfers through the Letter of Credit Payment, Fedline Payment, and Fedwire Deposit Systems. As the FRB accounts are depleted, funds are called in (withdrawn) from thousands of tax and loan accounts at financial institutions throughout the country.

Under authority of Public Law 95-147, Treasury implemented a program on November 2, 1978, to invest a portion of its operating cash in obligations of depositaries maintaining tax and loan accounts. Under the Treasury tax and loan investment program, depositary financial institutions select the manner in which they will participate. Financial institutions wishing to retain funds deposited into their tax and loan accounts in interest-bearing obligations participate under the

Note Option. The program permits Treasury to collect funds through financial institutions and to leave the funds in Note Option depositaries and in the financial communities in which they arise until Treasury needs the funds for its operations. In this way, Treasury is able to neutralize the effect of its fluctuating operations on Note Option financial institution reserves and on the economy. Likewise, those institutions wishing to remit the funds to the Treasury's account at FRBs do so under the Remittance Option.

Deposits to tax and loan accounts occur as customers of financial institutions deposit tax payments, which the financial institutions use to purchase Government securities. In most cases, this involves a transfer of funds from a customer's account to the tax and loan account in the same financial institution. Also, Treasury can direct the FRBs to invest excess funds in tax and loan accounts directly from the Treasury account at the FRBs.

TABLE UST-1.--Elements of Change in Federal Reserve and Tax and Loan Note Account Balances

[In millions of dollars, Source: Funds Control Branch, Financial Management Service]

Credits and withdrawals Federal Reserve accounts Credits Received through Tax and loan note accounts Remittance Option Withdrawals Fiscal year Received tax and loan (transfers to Federal Taxes 3 depositaries Withdrawals² or month directly Reserve accounts) (1) (2)(3) (4) (5)3,266,858 288,556 3,538,754 572,967 572,321 3,407,516 331,337 3,746,152 584,383 583,369 3,597,247 307,639 3,915,321 686,879 693,001 1995 3,904,812 226,833 4,129,866 642,952 642,716 1996 4,366,413 194,156 4,561,495 629,083 621,887 306,074 42.408 1995 - Sept..... 290.931 18.998 58.374 Oct.... 298.831 15,725 316.159 46.545 61,697 Nov. 14,447 408,763 44,608 38,381 393.003 Dec. 316.921 21,708 338,354 68,902 74,788 1996 - Jan. 339,184 355,071 54,403 39,676 18.119 Feb. 409,663 13,572 425,812 45.271 48,989 Mar. 275,277 15,685 289,573 52.580 63,252 Apr.... 520,944 17.110 534,033 58.821 36,392 May..... 424.041 14.052 445.378 46.232 82,756 June 318.757 17.596 332.410 60.307 30.732 361.718 47.017 47.413 July 346.058 14.795 333.559 13.558 348.804 44.612 66.630 Aug. 390,178 17,788 405,417 59,787 31,179 Sept......

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE UST-1.--Elements of Change in Federal Reserve and Tax and Loan Note Account Balances, con.

[In millions of dollars. Source: Funds Control Branch, Financial Management Service]

	Balances							
			During period					
	End of period		High		Low		Average	
Fiscal year or month	Federal Reserve	Tax and loan note accounts						
	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1992	24,586	34,203	24,586	37,028	1,852	2,752	6,513	19,756
1993	17,289	35,217	28,386	37,540	1,108	1,625	6,510	18,978
1994	6,848	29,094	21,541	46,624	2,736	-	5,904	18,631
1995	8,620	29,329	20,977	41,288	2,826	99	6,127	16,955
1996	7,700	36,525	15,668	40,647	2,490	-	5,847	14,194
1995 - Sept	8,620	29,329	17,499	41,288	4,001	1,430	6,850	17,754
Oct	7,018	14,176	8,620	33,237	3,416	4,677	5,384	12,446
Nov	5,703	20,402	6,538	20,402	4,621	-	5,410	8,195
Dec	5,979	14,515	11,383	40,647	4,998	3,617	6,762	15,191
1996 - Jan	8,210	29,243	9,168	31,776	4,368	5,655	6,298	17,023
Feb	5,632	25,525	6,294	31,102	2,490	1,878	4,953	14,227
Mar	7,021	14,853	9,455	23,272	3,527	57	5,610	10,367
Apr	11,042	37,281	15,668	37,281	4,485	1,266	7,318	15,761
May	3,757	757	11,967	37,881	3,757	757	5,714	12,867
June	7,701	30,332	9,206	31,670	3,272	757	6,162	14,821
July	6,836	29,936	6,836	30,431	3,703	4,478	5,304	17,633
Aug	5,149	7,917	6,317	23,743	4,425	6,295	5,107	11,536
Sept	7,700	36,525	8,215	36,525	4,039	4,861	6,139	20,259

¹Represents transfers from tax and loan note accounts, proceeds from sales of securities other than Government account series, and taxes.

as follows: Withheld income taxes beginning March 1948; taxes on employers and employees under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act beginning January 1950, and under the Railroad Retirement Tax Act beginning July 1951; a number of excise taxes beginning July 1953; estimated corporation income taxes beginning April 1967; all corporation income taxes due on or after March 15, 1968; Federal Unemployment Tax Act taxes beginning April 1970, and individual estimated income taxes beginning October 1988.

² Represents checks paid, wire transfer payments, drawdowns on letters of credit, redemptions of securities other than Government account series, and investment (transfer) of excess funds out of this account to the tax and loan note accounts.
3 Taxes eligible for credit consist of those deposited by taxpayers in the tax and loan depositaries